1. Identification

Product number: 1000026683
Product identifier: SW330 Chlorinated Brake Parts Cleaner
Company information: Sprayway, Inc.
1000 INTEGRAM DR
Pacific, MO 63069 United States
Company phone: 1-630-628-3000
Emergency telephone US: 1-866-836-8855
Emergency telephone outside US: 1-952-852-4646
Version #: 01
Recommended use: Cleaner
Recommended restrictions: None known.

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards: Gases under pressure
Compressed gas
Health hazards: Carcinogenicity
Category 2
OSHA defined hazards: Not classified.

Label elements

Signal word: Warning
Hazard statement: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Suspected of causing cancer.
Precautionary statement:
Prevention: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Response: If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
Storage: Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.
Disposal: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Environmental hazards:
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard
Category 2
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard
Category 2
Hazardous to the ozone layer
Category 1

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC): Harms public health and the environment by destroying ozone in the upper atmosphere.
Supplemental information: None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Common name and synonyms</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Perchloroethylene</td>
<td></td>
<td>127-18-4</td>
<td>90 - 100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carbon Dioxide</td>
<td></td>
<td>124-38-9</td>
<td>2.5 - 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carbon Tetrachloride</td>
<td></td>
<td>56-23-5</td>
<td>0.1 - 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.
4. First-aid measures

Inhalation
Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

Skin contact
No adverse effects due to skin contact are expected.

Eye contact
No specific first aid measures noted.

Ingestion
Not likely, due to the form of the product. In the unlikely event of swallowing contact a physician or poison control center.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information
IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media
Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Unsuitable extinguishing media
Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical
During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters
Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions
In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Do not move cargo or vehicle if cargo has been exposed to heat. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out.

Specific methods
Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

General fire hazards
Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Many gases are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Emergency personnel need self-contained breathing equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up
Refer to attached safety data sheets and/or instructions for use. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Move the cylinder to a safe and open area if the leak is irreparable. Isolate area until gas has dispersed. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions
Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.
7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. Ground and bond containers when transferring material. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Suck back of water into the container must be prevented. Do not allow backfeed into the container. Purge air from system before introducing gas. Use only properly specified equipment which is suitable for this product, its supply pressure and temperature. Contact your gas supplier if in doubt. Do not re-use empty containers. Avoid prolonged exposure. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Contents under pressure. Do not expose to heat or store at temperatures above 120°F/49°C as can may burst. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. Store in a well-ventilated place. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carbon Dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)</td>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>9000 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>5000 ppm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carbon Tetrachloride (CAS 56-23-5)</td>
<td>Ceiling</td>
<td>25 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Perchloroethylene (CAS 127-18-4)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Ceiling</td>
<td>200 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>100 ppm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carbon Dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)</td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>30000 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carbon Tetrachloride (CAS 56-23-5)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5000 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>10 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Perchloroethylene (CAS 127-18-4)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>100 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>25 ppm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carbon Dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)</td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>54000 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>30000 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>9000 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>5000 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carbon Tetrachloride (CAS 56-23-5)</td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>12.6 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2 ppm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Biological limit values

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Determinant</th>
<th>Specimen</th>
<th>Sampling Time</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Perchloroethylene (CAS 127-18-4)</td>
<td>0.5 mg/l</td>
<td>Tetrachloroethylene</td>
<td>Blood</td>
<td>*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3 ppm</td>
<td>Tetrachloroethylene</td>
<td>End-exhaled air</td>
<td>*</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

### Exposure guidelines

**US - California OELs: Skin designation**  
Carbon Tetrachloride (CAS 56-23-5) Can be absorbed through the skin.

**US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies**  
Carbon Tetrachloride (CAS 56-23-5) Skin designation applies.  
Perchloroethylene (CAS 127-18-4) Skin designation applies.

**US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation**  
Carbon Tetrachloride (CAS 56-23-5) Can be absorbed through the skin.

### Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

**Eye/face protection**  
Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

**Skin protection**  
Hand protection: Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.

Other: Wear suitable protective clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

**Respiratory protection**  
Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

**Thermal hazards**  
Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

### General hygiene considerations

Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

### 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance**

- **Physical state**: Liquid.
- **Form**: Aerosol. Compressed gas.
- **Color**: Not available.
- **Odor**: Not available.
- **Odor threshold**: Not available.
- **pH**: Not available.
- **Melting point/freezing point**: Not available.
- **Initial boiling point and boiling range**: 250.34 °F (121.3 °C) estimated
- **Flash point**: Not available.
- **Evaporation rate**: Not available.
- **Flammability (solid, gas)**: Not applicable.
- **Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits**
  - Flammability limit - lower (%): Not available.
  - Flammability limit - upper (%): Not available.
  - Explosive limit - lower (%): Not available.
  - Explosive limit - upper (%): Not available.
Vapor pressure
27.46 psig @70F estimated

Vapor density
Not available.

Relative density
1.62 estimated

Solubility(ies)
Solubility (water) Not available.

Partition coefficient
Not available.
(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature
1250.6 °F (677 °C) estimated

Decomposition temperature
Not available.

Viscosity
Not available.

Other information
Explosive properties Not explosive.

Heat of combustion (NFPA 30B) 0 estimated

Oxidizing properties Not oxidizing.

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity
The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability
Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions
Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to avoid
Heat. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials
Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition products
Hydrogen chloride.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

Skin contact No adverse effects due to skin contact are expected.

Eye contact Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Ingestion Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Test Results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Perchloroethylene (CAS 127-18-4)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Acute</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Dog; Mouse; Rabbit; Rat</td>
<td>3000 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LC50</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>Cat; Dog; Mouse; Rabbit; Rat</td>
<td>&gt; 1500 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LD50</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>3005 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Skin corrosion/irritation Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.
Germ cell mutagenicity
No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity
Suspected of causing cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity
Carbon Tetrachloride (CAS 56-23-5) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.
Perchloroethylene (CAS 127-18-4) 2A Probably carcinogenic to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)
Not regulated.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens
Carbon Tetrachloride (CAS 56-23-5) Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.
Perchloroethylene (CAS 127-18-4) Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity
This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
Not classified.

Aspiration hazard
Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects
Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

12. Ecological information
Ecotoxicity
Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Harms public health and the environment by destroying ozone in the upper atmosphere.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Test Results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carbon Tetrachloride (CAS 56-23-5)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Aquatic</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fish</td>
<td>LC50</td>
<td>Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 9.68 - 11.3 mg/l, 96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Perchloroethylene (CAS 127-18-4)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Aquatic</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crustacea</td>
<td>EC50</td>
<td>Daphnia 7.55 mg/L, 48 Hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Water flea (Daphnia magna) 6.1 - 9 mg/l, 48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fish</td>
<td>LC50</td>
<td>Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Onchorhynchus mykiss) 4.82 mg/l, 96 hours</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability
No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carbon Tetrachloride</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Perchloroethylene</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Mobility in soil
No data available.

Other adverse effects
Dangerous for the environment: May damage the ozone layer.

13. Disposal considerations
Disposal instructions
Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations
Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code
The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused products
Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging
Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.
14. Transport information

**DOT**

- **UN number**: UN1950
- **UN proper shipping name**: Aerosols, non-flammable
- **Transport hazard class(es)**
  - **Class**: 2.2
  - **Subsidiary risk**: 6.1(PGIII)
  - **Label(s)**: 2.2, 6.1
- **Packing group**: Not applicable.
- **Special precautions for user**: Not available.
- **Packaging exceptions**: 306
- **Packaging non bulk**: None
- **Packaging bulk**: None

**IATA**

- **UN number**: UN1950
- **UN proper shipping name**: Aerosols, non-flammable, containing substances in Division 6.1, Packing Group III
- **Transport hazard class(es)**
  - **Class**: Forbidden
  - **Subsidiary risk**: Forbidden
  - **Packing group**: Not applicable.
  - **Environmental hazards**: No.
- **Special precautions for user**: Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

**IMDG**

- **UN number**: UN1950
- **UN proper shipping name**: AEROSOLS
- **Transport hazard class(es)**
  - **Class**: 2.2
  - **Subsidiary risk**: 6.1(PGIII)
  - **Label(s)**: 2.2, 6.1
- **Packing group**: No.
- **Environmental hazards**: Not applicable.
- **Marine pollutant**: Yes
- **EmS**: Not available.
- **Special precautions for user**: Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
- **Packaging Exceptions**: NOT A LTD QTY
- **Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code**: Not established.
15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)
Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)
Carbon Tetrachloride (CAS 56-23-5) Listed.
Perchloroethylene (CAS 127-18-4) Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification
Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)
Not regulated.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories
Immediate Hazard - No
Delayed Hazard - Yes
Fire Hazard - No
Pressure Hazard - Yes
Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance
Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical
No

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
<th>% by wt.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Perchloroethylene</td>
<td>127-18-4</td>
<td>90 - 100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carbon Tetrachloride</td>
<td>56-23-5</td>
<td>0.1 - 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List
Carbon Tetrachloride (CAS 56-23-5)
Perchloroethylene (CAS 127-18-4)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)
Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)
Not regulated.

US state regulations

US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)
Not listed.

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))
Carbon Tetrachloride (CAS 56-23-5)
Perchloroethylene (CAS 127-18-4)

**US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List**
Carbon Dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)
Carbon Tetrachloride (CAS 56-23-5)
Perchloroethylene (CAS 127-18-4)

**US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act**
Carbon Dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)
Carbon Tetrachloride (CAS 56-23-5)
Perchloroethylene (CAS 127-18-4)

**US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law**
Carbon Dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)
Carbon Tetrachloride (CAS 56-23-5)
Perchloroethylene (CAS 127-18-4)

**US. Rhode Island RTK**
Carbon Tetrachloride (CAS 56-23-5)
Perchloroethylene (CAS 127-18-4)

**US. California Proposition 65**
WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

**US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance**
Carbon Tetrachloride (CAS 56-23-5)  Listed: October 1, 1987
Perchloroethylene (CAS 127-18-4)  Listed: April 1, 1988

**International Inventories**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country(s) or region</th>
<th>Inventory name</th>
<th>On inventory (yes/no)*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Australia</td>
<td>Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada</td>
<td>Domestic Substances List (DSL)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada</td>
<td>Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>China</td>
<td>Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Europe</td>
<td>European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Europe</td>
<td>European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Japan</td>
<td>Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Korea</td>
<td>Existing Chemicals List (ECL)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Zealand</td>
<td>New Zealand Inventory</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Philippines</td>
<td>Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United States &amp; Puerto Rico</td>
<td>Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).
A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. **Other information, including date of preparation or last revision**

Issue date: 04-05-2018
Version #: 01

**Disclaimer**
The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

**Revision information**
Product and Company Identification: Alternate Trade Names