



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier: Sprayway T1 TFE Dry Coating Lubricant & Release Agent

Other means of identification

SDS number: RE1000011861

Recommended restrictions

Product Use: Lubricant

Restrictions on use: Not known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Distributor Information

Manufacturer

Company Name: Sprayway, Inc.
Address: 1000 INTEGRAM DR.
Pacific, MO 63069
Telephone: 1-630-628-3000
Fax:

Emergency telephone number: 1-866-836-8855

2. Hazard(s) identification

Hazard Classification

Physical Hazards

Flammable aerosol Category 1

Health Hazards

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2A

Specific Target Organ Toxicity -
Single Exposure Category 3¹

Aspiration Hazard Category 1

Target Organs

1. Narcotic effect.

Environmental Hazards

Acute hazards to the aquatic
environment Category 3

Label Elements

Hazard Symbol:





Signal Word:	Danger
Hazard Statement:	Extremely flammable aerosol. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful to aquatic life.
Precautionary Statements	
Prevention:	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment.
Response:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.
Storage:	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.
Disposal:	Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC):	None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical Identity	CAS number	Content in percent (%)*
Propane	74-98-6	20 - <50%
Butane	106-97-8	20 - <50%
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	10 - <25%
2-Propanone	67-64-1	10 - <20%
Heptane	142-82-5	5 - <10%
Ethanol	64-17-5	1 - <5%
Cyclohexane, methyl-	108-87-2	0.1 - <1%

* All concentrations are percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

4. First-aid measures



Ingestion:	Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Never give liquid to an unconscious person. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.
Inhalation:	Move to fresh air.
Skin Contact:	Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
Eye contact:	Immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lenses. Get medical attention.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Symptoms:	No data available.
Hazards:	No data available.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment:	No data available.
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5. Fire-fighting measures

General Fire Hazards:	Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Fight fire from a protected location. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
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Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:	Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.
Unsuitable extinguishing media:	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical:	Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.
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Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Special fire fighting procedures:	No data available.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:	Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:	Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Keep upwind.
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- Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:** Absorb spill with vermiculite or other inert material, then place in a container for chemical waste. Dike far ahead of larger spill for later recovery and disposal.
- Notification Procedures:** Dike for later disposal. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Stop leak if you can do so without risk.
- Environmental Precautions:** Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not contaminate water sources or sewer.

7. Handling and storage

- Precautions for safe handling:** Avoid contact with eyes. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
- Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:** Store locked up. Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Aerosol Level 3

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control Parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Chemical Identity	Type	Exposure Limit Values	Source
Propane	REL	1,000 ppm 1,800 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	PEL	1,000 ppm 1,800 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	TWA	1,000 ppm 1,800 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
Butane	REL	800 ppm 1,900 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	STEL	1,000 ppm	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2018)
	TWA	800 ppm 1,900 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	PEL	100 ppm 400 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (03 2016)
	REL	100 ppm 400 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2010)
	TWA	100 ppm 400 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
2-Propanone	STEL	1,000 ppm 2,400 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	PEL	1,000 ppm 2,400 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	TWA	250 ppm	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2015)
	TWA	750 ppm 1,800 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	STEL	500 ppm	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2015)
Heptane	REL	250 ppm 590 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	TWA	400 ppm 1,600 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	REL	85 ppm 350 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	PEL	500 ppm 2,000 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)



	STEL	500 ppm 2,000 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	TWA	400 ppm	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (02 2012)
	STEL	500 ppm	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (02 2012)
	Ceil_Time	440 ppm 1,800 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
Ethanol	REL	1,000 ppm 1,900 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	PEL	1,000 ppm 1,900 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	TWA	1,000 ppm 1,900 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	STEL	1,000 ppm	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2009)
Cyclohexane, methyl-	PEL	500 ppm 2,000 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	TWA	400 ppm 1,600 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	TWA	400 ppm	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
	REL	400 ppm 1,600 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
Octadecanoic acid, monoester with 1,2,3-propanetriol - Inhalable fraction.	TWA	10 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2017)
Octadecanoic acid, monoester with 1,2,3-propanetriol - Respirable fraction.	TWA	3 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2017)
2-Propanol, 2-methyl-	STEL	150 ppm 450 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	TWA	100 ppm 300 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	PEL	100 ppm 300 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	TWA	100 ppm	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
	STEL	150 ppm 450 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	REL	100 ppm 300 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
Crystalline Silica - Respirable dust.	REL	0.05 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
Crystalline Silica - Respirable.	TWA	2.4 millions of particles per cubic foot of air	US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000) (2000)
	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000) (2000)
Crystalline Silica - Respirable fraction.	TWA	0.025 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
Crystalline Silica - Respirable dust.	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
Crystalline Silica - Respirable dust.	TWA	0.05 mg/m3	US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053) (03 2016)
Crystalline Silica - Respirable dust.	PEL	0.05 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (03 2016)
Crystalline Silica - Respirable dust.	OSHA_ACT	0.025 mg/m3	US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053) (03 2016)
Benzene, methyl-	STEL	150 ppm 560 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	REL	100 ppm 375 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	TWA	100 ppm 375 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	Ceiling	300 ppm	US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	TWA	20 ppm	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
	TWA	200 ppm	US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	MAX. CONC	500 ppm	US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)



	STEL	150 ppm	560 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
Hexane	TWA	50 ppm	180 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	PEL	500 ppm	1,800 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	REL	50 ppm	180 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	TWA	50 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
Cyclohexane	TWA	100 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
	TWA	300 ppm	1,050 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	REL	300 ppm	1,050 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	PEL	300 ppm	1,050 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
Benzene, ethyl-	STEL	125 ppm	545 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	REL	100 ppm	435 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	PEL	100 ppm	435 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	STEL	125 ppm	545 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	TWA	100 ppm	435 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	TWA	20 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (12 2010)
Benzene	REL	0.1 ppm		US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	TWA	1 ppm		US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	Ceiling	25 ppm		US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	TWA	0.5 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
	STEL	2.5 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
	STEL	5 ppm		US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053) (02 2006)
	OSHA_ACT	0.5 ppm		US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053) (02 2006)
	TWA	10 ppm		US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	MAX. CONC	50 ppm		US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	STEL	5 ppm		US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	TWA	1 ppm		US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053) (02 2006)
	STEL	1 ppm		US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)



Biological Limit Values

Chemical Identity	Exposure Limit Values	Source
2-Propanone (acetone: Sampling time: End of shift.)	25 mg/l (Urine)	ACGIH BEL (03 2015)
Benzene, methyl- (toluene: Sampling time: End of shift.)	0.03 mg/l (Urine)	ACGIH BEL (03 2013)
Benzene, methyl- (o-Cresol, with hydrolysis: Sampling time: End of shift.)	0.3 mg/g (Creatinine in urine)	ACGIH BEL (03 2013)
Benzene, methyl- (toluene: Sampling time: Prior to last shift of work week.)	0.02 mg/l (Blood)	ACGIH BEL (03 2013)
Hexane (2,5-Hexanedion, without hydrolysis: Sampling time: End of shift.)	0.5 mg/l (Urine)	ACGIH BEL (03 2018)
Benzene, ethyl- (Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid: Sampling time: End of shift.)	0.15 g/g (Creatinine in urine)	ACGIH BEL (02 2014)
Benzene (S- Phenylmercapturic acid: Sampling time: End of shift.)	25 µg/g (Creatinine in urine)	ACGIH BEL (03 2013)
Benzene (t,t-Muconic acid: Sampling time: End of shift.)	500 µg/g (Creatinine in urine)	ACGIH BEL (03 2013)

Appropriate Engineering Controls No data available.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General information: Provide easy access to water supply and eye wash facilities. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

Eye/face protection: Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin Protection

Hand Protection: No data available.

Other: No data available.

Respiratory Protection: In case of inadequate ventilation use suitable respirator. Seek advice from local supervisor.

Hygiene measures: Avoid contact with eyes. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. When using do not smoke.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state: liquid
Form: Spray Aerosol
Color: No data available.
Odor: No data available.



Odor threshold:	No data available.
pH:	No data available.
Melting point/freezing point:	No data available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range:	Estimated 56.05 °C
Flash Point:	Estimated -104.4 °C
Evaporation rate:	No data available.
Flammability (solid, gas):	No data available.
Upper/lower limit on flammability or explosive limits	
Flammability limit - upper (%):	Estimated 9.6 %(V)
Flammability limit - lower (%):	Estimated 2 %(V)
Explosive limit - upper (%):	No data available.
Explosive limit - lower (%):	No data available.
Vapor pressure:	Estimated 4,137 - 5,516 hPa (20 °C)
Vapor density:	No data available.
Density:	No data available.
Relative density:	No data available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility in water:	No data available.
Solubility (other):	No data available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	No data available.
Auto-ignition temperature:	No data available.
Decomposition temperature:	No data available.
Viscosity:	No data available.

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity:	No data available.
Chemical Stability:	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions:	No data available.
Conditions to avoid:	Avoid heat or contamination.
Incompatible Materials:	No data available.
Hazardous Decomposition Products:	No data available.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation:	No data available.
Skin Contact:	No data available.
Eye contact:	No data available.



Ingestion: No data available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Inhalation: No data available.

Skin Contact: No data available.

Eye contact: No data available.

Ingestion: No data available.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (list all possible routes of exposure)

Oral

Product: Not classified for acute toxicity based on available data.

Specified substance(s):

Naphtha (petroleum),
hydrotreated light LD 50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

2-Propanone LD 50 (Rat): 5,800 mg/kg

Heptane LD 50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Ethanol LD 50 (Rat): 10,470 mg/kg

Cyclohexane, methyl- LD Lo (Rabbit): 4,000 - 4,500 mg/kg

Dermal

Product: Not classified for acute toxicity based on available data.

Specified substance(s):

Naphtha (petroleum),
hydrotreated light LD 50 (Rabbit): > 3,750 mg/kg

2-Propanone LD 50 (Rabbit): > 7,426 mg/kg

Heptane LD 50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Ethanol LD 50 (Rabbit): 17,100 mg/kg

Cyclohexane, methyl- LD 50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Inhalation

Product: Not classified for acute toxicity based on available data.



Specified substance(s):

Propane	LC 50: > 100 mg/l LC 50: > 100 mg/l
Butane	LC 50: > 100 mg/l LC 50: > 100 mg/l
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	LOAEL (Human): 2,400 mg/m ³ LC 50 (Rat): > 7,630 mg/m ³ LC 50: > 5 mg/l
2-Propanone	LC 50 (Rat): 50.1 mg/l LC 50: > 5 mg/l
Heptane	LC 50 (Rat): > 29.29 mg/l
Ethanol	LC 50 (Rat): 124.7 mg/l LC 50: > 5 mg/l
Cyclohexane, methyl-	LC 50: > 100 mg/l LC 50: > 100 mg/l

Repeated dose toxicity

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Propane	NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation, >= 28 d): 4,000 ppm(m) Inhalation Experimental result, Key study LOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation, >= 28 d): 12,000 ppm(m) Inhalation Experimental result, Key study
Butane	LOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation, >= 28 d): 12,000 ppm(m) Inhalation Experimental result, Key study NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation, >= 28 d): 4,000 ppm(m) Inhalation Experimental result, Key study
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	LOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Oral, 13 Weeks): 1,250 mg/kg Oral Read- across based on grouping of substances (category approach), Key study NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Dermal, 28 d): > 375 mg/kg Dermal Experimental result, Supporting study NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation): 10,000 mg/m ³ Inhalation Experimental result, Key study
2-Propanone	NOAEL (Rat(Male), Oral, 13 Weeks): 10,000 ppm(m) Oral Experimental result, Key study
Heptane	NOAEL (Rat(Male), Inhalation): 12,470 mg/m ³ Inhalation Experimental result, Key study
Ethanol	NOAEL (Rat(Male), Oral, 7 - 14 Weeks): 10 %(m) Oral Experimental result, Key study
Cyclohexane, methyl-	NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation): 1,600 mg/m ³ Inhalation Experimental result, Key study LOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Oral, 28 d): 1,000 mg/kg Oral Experimental result, Key study



NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Oral, 28 d): 250 mg/kg Oral Experimental result, Key study

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

2-Propanone in vivo (Rabbit): Not irritant Experimental result, Supporting study

Heptane in vivo (Rabbit): Irritating Read-across based on grouping of substances (category approach), Key study

Ethanol in vivo (Rabbit): Not irritant Experimental result, Key study

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light Rabbit, 24 - 72 hrs: Not irritating

2-Propanone Irritating.
Rabbit, 24 hrs: Minimum grade of severe eye irritant

Heptane Rabbit, 24 - 72 hrs: Not irritating

Ethanol Rabbit, 1 - 24 hrs: Not irritating

Cyclohexane, methyl- Rabbit, 0.5 - 168 hrs: Not irritating

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Non sensitising

2-Propanone Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Non sensitising

Heptane Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Non sensitising

Ethanol Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Non sensitising

Cyclohexane, methyl- Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Non sensitising

Carcinogenicity

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Cyclohexane, methyl- May cause cancer.

IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans:

No carcinogenic components identified

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens:

No carcinogenic components identified

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050):

No carcinogenic components identified



Germ Cell Mutagenicity

In vitro

Product: No data available.

In vivo

Product: No data available.

Reproductive toxicity

Product: No data available.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

Product: Narcotic effect. - Category 3 with narcotic effects.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):
Cyclohexane, methyl- Category 1

Target Organs

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure: Narcotic effect.

Aspiration Hazard

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Naphtha (petroleum),
hydrotreated light May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Heptane May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Cyclohexane, methyl- May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Other effects: No data available.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity:

Acute hazards to the aquatic environment:

Fish

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Propane LC 50 (Various, 96 h): 147.54 mg/l QSAR QSAR, Key study

Butane LC 50 (Various, 96 h): 147.54 mg/l QSAR QSAR, Key study

Naphtha (petroleum),
hydrotreated light LC 50 (96 h): 8.41 mg/l Experimental result, Key study

2-Propanone LC 50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss, 96 h): 5,540 mg/l Experimental result, Key



	study
Heptane	LC 50 (Mozambique tilapia (<i>Tilapia mossambica</i>), 96 h): 375 mg/l Mortality
Ethanol	LC 50 (<i>Pimephales promelas</i> , 96 h): 15.3 g/l Experimental result, Key study
Cyclohexane, methyl-	LC 50 (<i>Oryzias latipes</i> , 96 h): 2.07 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
Aquatic Invertebrates	
Product:	No data available.
Specified substance(s):	
Butane	LC 50 (<i>Daphnia</i> sp., 48 h): 69.43 mg/l QSAR QSAR, Key study
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	EC 50 (<i>Daphnia magna</i> , 48 h): 4.5 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
2-Propanone	LC 50 (<i>Daphnia pulex</i> , 48 h): 8,800 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
Heptane	EC 50 (<i>Daphnia magna</i> , 48 h): 1.5 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
Ethanol	LC 50 (<i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i> , 48 h): 5,012 mg/l Experimental result, Key study

Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment:

Fish

Product:	No data available.
Specified substance(s):	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	EC 50 (<i>Daphnia magna</i>): 10 mg/l Other, Key study NOAEL (<i>Daphnia magna</i>): 2.6 mg/l Other, Key study
Heptane	NOAEL (<i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>): 1.284 mg/l QSAR QSAR, Key study
Ethanol	NOAEL (<i>Oryzias latipes</i>): 7,900 mg/l Read-across from supporting substance (structural analogue or surrogate), Supporting study

Aquatic Invertebrates

Product:	No data available.
Specified substance(s):	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	EC 50 (<i>Daphnia magna</i>): 10 mg/l Experimental result, Key study NOAEL (<i>Daphnia magna</i>): 2.6 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
2-Propanone	LOAEL (<i>Daphnia magna</i>): 2,212 mg/l Experimental result, Key study NOAEL (<i>Daphnia magna</i>): 2,212 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
Heptane	NOAEL (<i>Daphnia magna</i>): 0.17 mg/l Read-across based on grouping of substances (category approach), Key study EC 50 (<i>Daphnia magna</i>): 0.23 mg/l Read-across based on grouping of substances (category approach), Key study
Ethanol	LC 50 (<i>Daphnia magna</i>): 454 mg/l Experimental result, Key study NOAEL (<i>Daphnia magna</i>): 9.6 mg/l Experimental result, Key study

Toxicity to Aquatic Plants

Product:	No data available.
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Persistence and Degradability

Biodegradation

Product:	No data available.
Specified substance(s):	
Propane	100 % (385.5 h) Detected in water. Experimental result, Key study 50 % (3.19 d) Detected in water. QSAR, Weight of Evidence study
Butane	100 % (385.5 h) Detected in water. Experimental result, Key study
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	90.35 % (28 d) Detected in water. Experimental result, Supporting study
2-Propanone	90.9 % (28 d) Detected in water. Experimental result, Key study
Heptane	70 % Detected in water. Experimental result, Key study
Ethanol	95 % Detected in water. Experimental result, Key study
Cyclohexane, methyl-	> 0 % (28 d) Detected in water. Experimental result, Weight of Evidence study > 0 % (28 d) Detected in water. Experimental result, Weight of Evidence study

BOD/COD Ratio

Product: No data available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioconcentration Factor (BCF)

Product:	No data available.
Specified substance(s):	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): 10 - 2,500 Aquatic sediment Estimated by calculation, Key study
2-Propanone	Haddock, adult, Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): 0.69 Aquatic sediment Experimental result, Not specified
Heptane	Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): 552 Aquatic sediment Estimated by calculation, Key study
Ethanol	Cyprinus carpio, Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): 4.5 Aquatic sediment Read-across from supporting substance (structural analogue or surrogate), Supporting study
Cyclohexane, methyl-	Cyprinus carpio, Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): > 95 - < 321 Aquatic sediment Experimental result, Key study

Partition Coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Log Kow: > 2.4 - < 5.7 23 °C Yes Experimental result, Key study Log Kow: 2.2 - 5.2 23 °C Yes Experimental result, Key study Log Kow: 2.2 - 6.1 23 °C Yes Experimental result, Key study
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Mobility in soil: No data available.

Known or predicted distribution to environmental compartments

Propane	No data available.
Butane	No data available.
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	No data available.
2-Propanone	No data available.
Heptane	No data available.
Ethanol	No data available.
Cyclohexane, methyl-	No data available.

Other adverse effects: Harmful to aquatic organisms.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions: Discharge, treatment, or disposal may be subject to national, state, or local laws.

Contaminated Packaging: No data available.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN Number:	UN 1950
UN Proper Shipping Name:	Aerosols, flammable
Transport Hazard Class(es)	
Class:	2.1
Label(s):	–
Packing Group:	II
Marine Pollutant:	No
Environmental Hazards:	No
Marine Pollutant	No
Special precautions for user:	Not regulated.

IMDG

UN Number:	UN 1950
UN Proper Shipping Name:	Aerosols, flammable
Transport Hazard Class(es)	
Class:	2
Label(s):	–
EmS No.:	F-D, S-U
Packing Group:	–
Environmental Hazards:	Yes
Marine Pollutant	No



Special precautions for user: Not regulated.

IATA

UN Number: UN 1950
Proper Shipping Name: Aerosols, flammable
Transport Hazard Class(es):
Class: 2.1
Label(s): -
Packing Group: -

Environmental Hazards: Yes
Marine Pollutant: No

Special precautions for user: Not regulated.
Cargo aircraft only: Allowed.

15. Regulatory information

US Federal Regulations

Restrictions on use: Not known.

**TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)
US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)**

<u>Chemical Identity</u>	<u>OSHA hazard(s)</u>
Crystalline Silica	lung effects immune system effects Cancer kidney effects
Benzene	Flammability Cancer Aspiration Eye Blood Skin respiratory tract irritation Central nervous system

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4):

<u>Chemical Identity</u>	<u>Reportable quantity</u>
Propane	lbs. 100
Butane	lbs. 100
2-Propanone	lbs. 5000
Heptane	lbs. 100
Ethanol	lbs. 100
Cyclohexane, methyl-	lbs. 100
2-Propanol, 2-methyl-	lbs. 100
Benzene, methyl-	lbs. 1000
Hexane	lbs. 5000
Cyclohexane	lbs. 1000
Benzene, ethyl-	lbs. 1000
Benzene	lbs. 10



Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories

- Fire Hazard
- Immediate (Acute) Health Hazards
- Flammable aerosol
- Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation
- Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure
- Aspiration Hazard

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substance

<u>Chemical Identity</u>	<u>Reportable quantity</u>	<u>Threshold Planning Quantity</u>
2-Propanone		
Hexane		

SARA 304 Emergency Release Notification

<u>Chemical Identity</u>	<u>Reportable quantity</u>
Propane	lbs. 100
Butane	lbs. 100
2-Propanone	lbs. 5000
Heptane	lbs. 100
Ethanol	lbs. 100
Cyclohexane, methyl-	lbs. 100
2-Propanol, 2-methyl-	lbs. 100
Benzene, methyl-	lbs. 1000
Hexane	lbs. 5000
Cyclohexane	lbs. 1000
Benzene, ethyl-	lbs. 1000
Benzene	lbs. 10

SARA 311/312 Hazardous Chemical

<u>Chemical Identity</u>	<u>Threshold Planning Quantity</u>
Propane	10000 lbs
Butane	10000 lbs
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	10000 lbs
2-Propanone	10000 lbs
Heptane	10000 lbs
Ethanol	10000 lbs
Cyclohexane, methyl-	10000 lbs
Octadecanoic acid, monoester with 1,2,3- propanetriol	10000 lbs
2-Propanol, 2-methyl-	10000 lbs
Crystalline Silica	10000 lbs
Benzene, methyl-	10000 lbs
Hexane	10000 lbs
Cyclohexane	10000 lbs
Benzene, ethyl-	10000 lbs
Benzene	10000 lbs

SARA 313 (TRI Reporting)

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130):

Clean Water Act Section 311 Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 117.3)

US State Regulations



US. California Proposition 65

This product contains chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer and/or to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Crystalline Silica	Carcinogenic. 05 2011
Benzene, methyl-	Developmental toxin. 03 2008
Hexane	Male reproductive toxin. 12 2017
Benzene, ethyl-	Carcinogenic. 05 2011
Benzene	Developmental toxin. 03 2008
Benzene	Carcinogenic. 05 2011
Benzene	Male reproductive toxin. 03 2008

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Chemical Identity

- Propane
- Butane
- Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light
- 2-Propanone
- Heptane
- Ethanol

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Chemical Identity

- Crystalline Silica
- Benzene

US. Pennsylvania RTK - Hazardous Substances

Chemical Identity

- Propane
- Butane
- Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light
- 2-Propanone
- Heptane
- Ethanol
- Ethene, 1,1,2,2-tetrafluoro-, homopolymer

US. Rhode Island RTK

No ingredient regulated by RI Right-to-Know Law present.

International regulations

Montreal protocol

- 2-Propanone

Stockholm convention

- 2-Propanone

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Rotterdam convention

- 2-Propanone

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Kyoto protocol



Inventory Status:

Australia AICS:	On or in compliance with the inventory
Canada DSL Inventory List:	On or in compliance with the inventory
Canada NDSL Inventory:	Not in compliance with the inventory.
Ontario Inventory:	On or in compliance with the inventory
China Inv. Existing Chemical Substances:	On or in compliance with the inventory
Japan (ENCS) List:	Not in compliance with the inventory.
Japan ISHL Listing:	Not in compliance with the inventory.
Japan Pharmacopoeia Listing:	Not in compliance with the inventory.
Korea Existing Chemicals Inv. (KECI):	On or in compliance with the inventory
Mexico INSQ:	Not in compliance with the inventory.
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals:	On or in compliance with the inventory
Philippines PICCS:	Not in compliance with the inventory.
Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory:	On or in compliance with the inventory
US TSCA Inventory:	On or in compliance with the inventory
EINECS, ELINCS or NLP:	Not in compliance with the inventory.

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue Date:	12/18/2019
Revision Information:	No data available.
Version #:	1.0
Further Information:	No data available.
Disclaimer:	This information is provided without warranty. The information is believed to be correct. This information should be used to make an independent determination of the methods to safeguard workers and the environment.